chairman, although he is not now a member of that committee.

He expressed the opinion that the half-and-half plan had worked well and effectively during all that time. He said that Justice Siddons must have been drawing on his imagination when he said that the half-and-half plan had prevented needed appropriations for the District.

prevented needed appropriations for the District.
Senator Sterling of South Dakota asked Senator Works if the majority of the people in the District did not desire the retention of the half-and-half plan. Senator Works gave it as his opinion that more than half of the people were opposed to the half-and-half plan.

plan.
"But it makes no difference whether
the people of the District want it or
not," said Senator Works. "I am dealing with the justice of this fegislation."

## Would Treat D. C. Liberally.

Following Senator Works, Senator es of Washington began defense of the half-and-half plan. He said that he had taken the pains to find out the sentiment of the people of his state on the found everywhere that they desire Congress to adopt the policy of liberal treatment for the District of Columbia. Sen-ator Jones said he had explained to vari-ous audiences exactly the relations be-tween the District of Columbia and the United States and had illustrated his talk with lantern slides showing various feat-ures of the city.

He said that he had told his con-

## Query by Senator Works.

Sanator Works interrupted to ask it the pending bill contained any appropriation to do away with slums. "No," replied Senator Jones, "but it

hospital and for better school facili-Senator Works called attention to the Senator Works called attention to the fact that some time ago he had introduced the Shepard bill providing for doing away with the slums of Washington; that this bill had been referred to he District committee and to a subto the District committee and to a sub-committee. He said he did not know

what was done about it.

Senator Jones called attention to the fact that some time ago he himself had introduced a bill prohibiting dwellings fronting on some alleys. "And this has been enacted into law,"
said Senator Jones, "and before very
long that law will go into effect. I
think that it will do away with a good
deal of the slum conditions in the District."

Unable to Obtain Quorum. Senator Jones said that he did not

elieve there had been a haf dozen setings of the Senate District comittee to consider much-needed legislation this session.

## Will Vote Against Rider.

would vote for the Works Vorks amendment were lost he intended voting against the House rider abolsupport of the Senate committee amendment for the half-and-half plan.

Everything is in readiness for the Washington August 9, 10 and 11, according to reports submitted by the sent its findings in concise form. various committees on arrangements which met last night in Carroll Hall, William H. DeLacy presiding. Arrangements have been completed for the

reception of 1,200 delegates. Among those who spoke at the meeting last night were Mgr. Mackin, Dr. McGuigan, Dr. Cooper and Rev. J. P.

O'Callaghan. Those present were Mgr. Mackin, the Rev. Dr. McGuigan, the Rev. D. Cooper, the Rev. P. J. O Cailaghan, Judge W. H. the Rev P J O Callaghan. Judge W. H.

The Lacy John J Kane. George A Howe,
James Carmody. Arthur Pollauch, Edward C Cryer, John P. Simonson, Pranris McCann, J W. Rielly. Peter McClain,
Heary Wolfe. Kenneth O'Connor, Thomas
Cantwell. Mrs. G A Howe. Mrs. Paul
Lacet Mrs. G A Howe. Mrs. Paul
Lacet Mrs. G A Howe. Mrs. Paul
Lacet Mrs. G A Howe. Mrs. A J
Mrs. G A Howe. Mrs. Paul
Lacet Mrs. G A Howe. Mrs. A J
Mrs.

# **DESPITE SHORTAGE**

One Concern Holds Back \$1,000,000 Worth of News Print, Witness Declares.

## TRADE COMMISSION PROBING SITUATION

subject of the National Capital, and had Official of Publishers' Association Hints at Collusion Among

Manufacturers.

While publishers throughout he United States are alarmed He said that he had told his constituents that he would vote for the half-and-half plan and for liberal appropriations for the National Capital unless his constituents objected to it, and that so far he had not received one letter criticising his course.

"I believe 50 per cent of the expenses of the city is enough for the people to pay," he said. "I am not so sure that the government ought not to pay more. The people of the country are not objecting, and they will not object, to paying money in order to make this the most beautiful capital.

"The better we make this city the better will the citizens of the country be for seeing it. However, if the citizen sees this municipal asylum which we have here near at hand, if he sees some of the slums, if he sees some of the slums if he sees som some of the slums, if he sees some of the school conditions here, he will go away wondering why Congress allows such things to be in his capital. He may not go away a worse citizen, but he will go away humiliated."

we have never here hear at hand. If he will so may have a limited all newspaper publishers to give testimony that will be of assistance in the extensive investigation the commission is vestigation the commission is making, caused considerable excitement.

It was made by J. H. Zerbey, chairman of the white paper committee of the does carry items for a new municipal Pennsylvania Associated Dailies, and representing the National Editorial Association.

supplies used in the United States, arose and said that he was the manufactures referred to. Mr. Dodge explained that this surplus was being held to uphold the company's boast that it had never failed to supply its customers on account of any calamity-fire, filood, strike,

### Scores "Unjust Tariff."

In scoring the United States government for what he called unjust tariff regulations, Mr. Dodge made the statement that his concern is about to build a new large factory, which it is being forced to build in Canada, because of present conditions inimical to paper manufacturers in the United States. He predicted that unless there is improvedustry will move from the United States

intending the consistence of the build in Canada, because present had called meeting after meeting, but in most cases had not been able to get a quorum. For this reason, he said, much needed legislation is neglected and apparently the only way to obtain it is to place it on the District appropriation bill.

"That is one reason why I would like to see the ruling of the Vice President on the Works amendment sustained." He held that the District of Columbia was an agent of the federal government and that legislation for the District government was special legislation. If this ruling was sustained, he said, it would not be long before some needed legislation for the District was enacted. into Canada.

F. B. Glass, vice president of the Newspaper Publishers' Association, told the commission that the publishers in his association are morally certain that there is collusion among the manufacturers forcing up the price of news print paper. He promised the commission that within sixty days the association he represents will place in concise

iment. But, he said, that if the States Senate to determine whether ishing the half-and-half plan, and in missioners have invited publishers of

favor of reporting the nomination to the Senate favorably.

Senator Jones of Washington, who yesterday on the floor of the Senate stated that matters had been brought to his attention in connection with Mr. Cummings which must be sifted before the would consent to his confirmation by the Senate, said today that he was still looking into these matters.

"They may not be true, and I hope they are not," said Senator Jones. "If their proof is not forthcoming very soon there seems to be no reason for holding up the nomination of Mr. Cummings. His nomination has been before the Senate District committee for over three weeks now."

The committee has before it a letter written by T. M. Hare, superintedent of the Anti-Saloon League in Baltimore, to Mr. Cummings, approving of his selection as a member of the excise board, and giving him a high recommendation.

PLAN FOR ATTENDANCE

The publishers of the American News-power, he testified, to hold down on circulation, paper waste, etc. The publishers fear a crisis; they don't know what may happen. It is almost impossible to get a quotation from more than one mill and then not after January, 1917.

Charge Makers Are Conspiring.

Charge Makers Are Conspiring.

The American Newspaper Publishers' Association, he said, is morally certain a collusion exists among the paper manufacturers, and hopes soon to present legal evidence of this. They are making a thorough investigation and will later present its findings in concise form.

Many papers are losing all profits, he said; a number must go out of business; they have little relief in sight and are extremely worried over the situation.

A number of mills are making paper cheaper than ever before, his association has learned, and there is opportunity for mills properly conducted to turn out cheaper apper than publishers can buy it at now.

Mr. Glass said the association he represents expects to have conclusive evidence to present wikhin sixty days. This was in response to inquiries from Commissioner Hurley.

Cannot Stand Higher Price.

Want to pay you this testimony:

"Wherever I have investigated I have found out that your people are using your customers whiter than any others."

Wherever I have investigated I have found out that your people are using your customers whiter than any others."

Mr. Zerbey said the publishers would be willing to pay a small advance in price. He said that one cause of increased prices is the heavy selling force employed—"and why employed if there is a shortage of paper?"

Mr. Dodge was recognized. He asked that Mr. Zerbey file with the commission that is not open to the represents when any others."

Company makes one-third of the paper company makes one-third of the paper dended to be standard that this sarplus stock kept on hand is in ease of floods, fire, one-third by smaller manufacturers. He said that this sarplus stock kept on hand is in ease of floods, fire, one-third by smaller manufacturers. Calls Present Legislation Unjust. OF LARGE DELEGATIONS convention of the Catholic Total Absti- facturers, and hopes soon to present legal sence Union, which is to be held in evidence of this. They are making a

THIRD INFANTRY, FROM CAMP ORDWAY, PARADES ON WHITE LOT ELLIPSE.





UPPER: COL. GLENDIE B. YOUNG AND STAFF. LOWER: ONE OF THE COMPANIES PASSING IN REVIEW

tracts made more than a year ago at under the present market prices.

A number of news paper mills are using their valuable machinery to make other kinds of paper than fiews print because they can't make the latter with reasonable profit.

The International company, he said is going to build a large new mill, but out-

etc., and yet though seven countries have a tariff against the United States the United States let the Canadian product in

free.

Dependent largely on Canada for wood supply, and having large timber holdings at the time the tariff bar was let down to Canada Canada put bars up against the exportation of this lumber.

Tariff Needed to Equalize.

publishers of the United States get

heaper paper?" asked Commissioner

all the information possible on the subect should be secured.

He was also questioned by Attorney Merchant, in the employ of the federal trade commission, who is working on this investigation, regarding whether multiwhere would stand an increase in this investigation, regarding whether publishers could stand an increase in paper cost, increase in sales price of papers and putting a new advertising rate into operation. He thought it would be extremely difficult to do any of these at this time. He told of one specific case of an increase in sales price of a particular paper which immediately lost 5,000 to 10,000 in circulation, affecting also the volume of advertising

Secretary and Manager Palmer, also of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, also spoke, indorsing what testimony Mr. Glass had given, and appealed to all newspaper publishers to get in touch with their association in bringing all causes of complaint and information on the subject to the attention of the association.

Secretary and Manager Palmer, also going to build a large new mill, but outside of the United States, because it can't afford to build and manufacture in the United States under present conditions.

News paper and news paper alone, he said, comes into the United States duty free. Testimony before a tariff commission, he said, showel Canadian mills had a big advantage in timber, water power, etc., and yet though seven countries have

### Price of Sulphites Important.

Mr. Nesbit, representing the Evening Journal of Wilmington, Del., asked Mr. Glass if his association had investigated the subject of importation of nent in these conditions the entire in- sulphite. He said two papers he represents had given the difficulties over resents had given the dimentices over importation of sulphites as a reason for increased cost of paper. Mr. Glass said they had not investigated, but recognized that this matter was a serious consideration in the increased cost of paper.

Commissioner Hurley said the commiscophing on this subject now. In

there is collusion among the manufacturer forcing up the price of news print paper. He promised the commissioner that within sixty days the association he represents will place in concise from before the commission at the believes this will be legal from before the commission, as it gets information that he believes this will be legal proof that a conspiracy exists among the manufacturers.

Probe Ordered by Senate.

The hearing, which started this states and the National Editorial Associated morning, was ordered by the United States Senate to determine whether there has been an undue increase in the price of news print paper. The commissioners have invited publishers of the price of news print paper. The commissioners have invited publishers of the price of newspapers and more than all this, though he had been doing business with the one broker for twenty what they are able upon this subject. Special agents of the commission are forcing the manufacturers.

Commissioner Hurley said the commission the content is subject now. In the price of news print paper. He promessioner for Commissioner will be glad to confer with the federal prepared to a question from Commissioner will be glad to confer with the federal prepared to a question from Commissioner will be glad to confer with the federal prepared to a question from Commissioner will be glad to confer with the federal prepared to a question from Commissioner and his association and the helicies of the conference of the United States.

The International Company is ship-ping 20 per cent to 25 per cent to 25 per cent more to inquiries from Mr. Hurley. Mr. Dodge testified in response to inquiries from Mr. Hurley. The increased volume would not a present and the fellowers from the present as the fellowers from the period of the manufacturers.

The hearing, which started this states from the period of the present and the National Editorial Association.

The hearing, which started this from the period of the present and the National Editorial Association and the Nationa

Benator Pomerene of Ohio announced his intention of voting in favor of the committee amendment.

"I am not prepared to say that he best that can be had," said Senator Pomerene, "but I am prepared to say that neither the amendment of Senator Works nor the House provision meets the situation here as well as the half-and-half plan is the heating today was scheduled to make a report by October I.

"Benator Shepard of, Texas asked unanimous consent that before a vote on the Works amendment was taken the riling of the Vice President's that the amendment was taken the amendment was in order be submitted to the Senate of Clark of Arkansas objected.

Benator Clark of Arkansas objected.

Mony that they are able upon this subject. Special agents of the commission are now at work examining the accounts of the principal makers of print paper in the United States and Canada.

The commission expects to be able to make a report by October I.

The hearing today was scheduled to that the sair 10 o'clock, but on account of Commissioner E. N. Hurley being delayed, it did not get started until nearly 11:30 o'clock. The hearing was held in the office of the chairman of the federal trade commission and was attended by nearly a hundred publishers, manufacturers and others interested.

Benator Clark of Arkansas objected.

## · Advertisers Urged to Curtail.

Mr. Zerbey testified that some mem bers of the association he represents have been forced to send out word to their advertisers urging them not to send in so much advertising.

He also told the commission of a number of specific instances in which the publishers have been forced to raise on the sale price of their papers. He said that he and others would like to if they could without throwing away their circulation.

He brought out the fact that under tariff laws Canadian mills cannot charge more than \$2.50 in the United States. He thought this a challenge to United States manufacturers.

Turning to Mr. Dodge, he said: "I want to pay you this testimony:
"Wherever I have investigated I have that your people are using

## now exist are improved as regards news print paper mills, the manufacturers cannot get back a reasonable return on money invested and that the entire industry will move into Canada. He testified that the International compains pite of vast timber holdings good mills, can now pay only 2 cent, and that it is carrying tracts made more than a year ago at the surplus stock they now are holding if they would accept new foreign contracts. Mr. Glass offered testimony that this carry mills have increased in foreign shipments almost 50 per than a year ago at the surplus stock they now are holding if they would accept new foreign contracts. Mr. Glass offered testimony that this carry mills have increased in foreign shipments almost 50 per than a year ago at the surplus stock they now are holding if they would accept new foreign contracts. Mr. Glass offered testimony that this carry mills have increased in foreign shipments almost 50 per the surplus stock they now are holding if they would accept new foreign contracts. Mr. Glass offered testimony that this carry mills have increased in foreign shipments almost 50 per the surplus stock they now are holding if they would accept new foreign contracts. Mr. Glass offered testimony that this carry mills have increased in foreign contracts. Attending the surplus stock they now are holding if they would accept new foreign contracts. ON FLOOD WATERS Among those attending the hearing

Senator Newlands Urges Legislation to Avoid Losses by Country's Rivers.

**COULD BE BLESSING** INSTEAD OF MENACE

Brings Up Subject in Connection With Appropriation for Suf-

sufferers in the south.

Senator Newlands said that he thought the relief asked should be given. He directed attention to the fact fore the Senate looking to the proper control of flood waters intended to a blessing by controlling the waters as they fall from the heavens in such ficial and compensatory uses, instead of leaving them to mass together for the lestruction of large agricultural areas and communities and towns.

## Hoped for Broad Measure

Senator Newlands continued: "Though the great parties have for the last eight years been declaring themselves in no uncertain terms upor Petit Parisien, is a commercial treaty this subject in their party platforms signed between the two countries in legislation has not yet responded to the

the legislation has not yet responded to the popular demand. Recently, in the House, a flood control committee was organized. We had reason to hope and to expect that that committee would frame a broad and comprehensive measure that would meet the demands of every section of the country and every watershed of the country.

"Instead of that we found its attention almost entirely directed to protecting the lower Mississippi and the lower Sacramento from the effect of devastating floods, without regard to the wealth creating power of water if conserved by scientific methods. They seem content to permit these floods to come down to the lower reaches, willing that they should come down, but insistent that the United States government should out of its Treasury spend large sums in protecting the adjoining areas from their menace of destruction.

The Lehigh Valley, and Alexander Davidson, superintendent of the National Storson, superintendent of the Intimated that the fire was of incendiary origin. Prosecutor Hudspeth corroborated Johnson's story. He said he had obtained an affidavit from the commander of the underdendent of the corroborated Johnson's story. He said he had obtained an affidavit from the commander of the underdendent of the corroborated Johnson's story. He said he had obtained an affidavit from the commander of the corroborated Johnson

"The Senate has the opportunity to corect this mistake, to broaden out the narrow policy enunciated by the House of Representatives into a broad and com-

Chance to Correct Mistake.

rehensive policy that will include every watershed in the country, cotemporaneous works and plans in every section of the country. Such a bill I believe can be framed as a substitute for the House bill, which will include all that the House bill contains and will have national provisions that will unionise the bill instead of making it a sectional bill as it is today."

## WIRE INDICATES WYLIE MAY BE IN THE U.S.

Telegram Asking for Copy of Divorce Decree Received by Clerk of Court From Boston.

Indications that Horace Wylle, whose wife, Catherine V. H. Wylle, divorced him last month, may be in the United

states and not in England, as published, are gathered from a telegram to John R. Young, clerk of the District Supreme Court, asking for a certified copy of the divorce decree granted by Justice Gould.

The telegram purports to come from Mr. Wylie and directs that the paper be mailed to him in care of the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston, Mass.

Mr. Wylie left Washington in December, 1910, and the telegram received today is the first apparently direct communication received from him aside from the testimony in the divorce proceedings. According to the letter he and Mrs. Eleanor M. Hichborn, with whom he is said to have eloped, were living at Burley, England, in 1912.

Clerk Young will have the copy of the proceedings prepared and forwarded as requested in the telegram received today.

BOSTON, Mass. Award.

BOSTON, Mass., August 1.—An inquiry at the offices of the Old Colony Trust Company in Boston brought forth the announcement that the officials of the company did not know Mr. Wylie's whereabouts.

# ON ALL MUNITIONS

TO ASK EMBARGO

**Hamill Want Shipments From** Atlantic Ports Prohibited.

COMING TO WASHINGTON

TO MAKE THE DEMAND Announce Decision After Conference Every Package Must Be Marked

With City, State and Federal

Officials in Jersey City.

NEW YORK, August 1.-Representatives John J. Eagan and other dangerous articles, the interstate James A. Hamill of New Jersey announced this afternoon, at the close of a conference of city, county, state and federal officials plosion Sunday morning, that tomorrow, accompanied by Mayor Fagan of Jersey City, to demand such extensive transportation of exploan embargo on the export of sives as now is being done throughout munitions from Atlantic coast ports.

Representative Eagan said that he would introduce a resolution in the House asking for an immediate embargo, and Representative Hamill said that he was framing a bill of similar design, but refused to disclose its ex-

act nature.

The three men also will go before the interstate commerce commission in Washington tomorrow, they said, and demand the adoption by the commission of stringent regulations pending remedial legislation for the removal of immediate danger from the storage of the pending at this port.

lated in the transportation or storage of the explosives which caused Sunday's disaster.

E. L. Mackenzie Arrested.

The fourth arrest growing out of the separate inquiries under way was made today when E. L. Mackenzie, president of the National Dock and Storage Company, the scene of the explosion, was taken into custody at his home in Plainfield, N. J., and released on \$5,000 bail for examination Friday.

"There is no question that I am responsible for the warehouses owned by

"There is no question that I am responsible for the warehouses owned by the company," said Mr. Mackenzie, "but I can state positively that there was no infringement of the law in any respect."

There is no question that I am responsible for the warehouses owned by of securing safety in transit, covering the packing, marking, loading, haudling, while in transit, and the precautions necessary to determine whether the material when offered is in proper condition to transport."

ferers in South.

The need of adequate legislation for control of the flood waters of the rivers of the country was emphasized by Senator Newlands of Nevada in the Senate today during consideration of a bill to appropriate for the relief of the flood sufferers in the south.

infringement of the law in any respect."

President E. B. Thomas of the Lehigh Valley railroad and President W. G. Besler of the Central Railroad of New Jersey probably will be arrested on charges of manslaughter in connection with the explosion on Black Tom Island early Sunday morning, it was announced last night by Frank Hague, commissioner of public safety of Jersey City. Three officials of companies situated on Black Tom already are under arrest, and a warrant is out for a arrest, and a warrant is out for a fourth. The same charge has been preferred against all.

To Make Second Disaster Impossible. The Jersey City authorities have anhange the floods from a menace into They declared large quantities of ex-

been loaded with a tremendously high explosive, acting upon orders of a Lehigh valley official when the barge, which had shown no sign of being afire, exploded. This was the first ex-plosion and the one that was most plosion and the one that was most severe.

"The second great explosion occur-red," the prosecutor said, "when the fire reached a number of freight cars loaded with dynamite and another tre-mendously high explosive, the char-acter of which is still to be deter-mined."

Mr. Hudspeth declared fully three-fifths of the explosives shipped to the entente allies passed through Jersey

## THREE MEN ARE INJURED IN MOTOR AND CAR CRASH

Three men were injured when a large motor van and a street car collided at Mount Pleasant and Harvard streets John Gray, colored, of 125 F street jured, is in the hands of the police tosouthwest; Henry Brown, colored, of 1116 T street, and Albert Jones of 1814 M. Fickert 23d street. They were treated at

Representatives Eagan and No Passengers Allowed on Trains Carrying Such Dan-

U. S. LAWS CONTROL

gerous Commodities.

**EXPLOSIVE FREIGHT** 

MODIFICATION IS MADE FOR MILITARY SUPPLIES

Plainly on the Outside-Heavy Penalty Is Provided.

in the United States, of explosives and

commerce commission has formulated ing, etc., of such explosives and has promulgated penalties for violation. an act of Congress, approved March 4, on the Black Tom munitions ex- 1909, which has been in force since Jan-This, of course, was prior to the time they would go to Washington that transportation of war munitions United States, and did not contemplate

> this country. The act states that it "shall be lawful to transport, carry or convey any dynamite, gunpowder or other explo-sives between a place in a foreign country and a place within or subject to the try and a place within or subject to the jurisdiction of the United States," or between the states and territories within the United States, "on any vessel or vehicle of any description operated by a common carrier" while carrying passengers for hire.

Qualified for Military Needs. This is qualified by the provision that

"it shall be lawful to transport on any such vessel or vehicle small arms ammunition in any quantity, and such high explosives at this port.

Representatives of the federal district attorney's office of New York and New Jersey attended the conference, but said that there was nothing to show that federal laws had been violated in the transportation or storage of the explosives which caused Sunday's disaster.

I tuses, torpedoes, rockets or other signal, devices as may be essential to promote safety in operation, and properly packed and marked samples of explosives for laboratory examination, not exceeding a net weight of one-half pound each, and not exceeding twenty samples at one time in a single vessel or venderal to promote safety in operation, and properly packed and marked samples of explosives as may be essential to promote safety in operation, and properly packed and marked samples of explosives as may be essential to promote safety in operation, and properly packed and marked samples of explosives are the conference, but said that there was nothing to laboratory examination, not exceeding a new region of the conference, but said that there was nothing to allow the conference, but said that there was nothing to allow the conference, but said that there was nothing to allow the conference, but said that there was nothing to allow the conference, but said that there was nothing to allow the conference, but said that there was nothing to allow the conference, but said that there was nothing to allow the conference, but said that there was nothing to allow the conference, but said that there was nothing to allow the conference, but said the conference was not all the con fuses, torpedoes, rockets or other signal,

### Packages Must Be Marked. This explosive act states specifically

"it shall be unlawful to transport, carry or convey liquid nitroglya place in a foreign country and a tion of the United States, or between a place in one state, territory or district of the United States, or a piace non-contiguous to but subject to the jurisdiction thereof, and a place in any The Jersey City authorities have announced their determination to make impossible a repetition of the disaster. They declared large quantities of explosives should not be handled in such a densely populated district as surrounds New York harbor.

The theory that the fire which caused the disastrous explosion started on a munitions barge tied up at the island was combated by Robert S. Hudspeth,

the disastrous explosion started on a munitions barge tied up at the island was combated by Robert S. Hudspeth, prosecutor for Hudson county, and Theodore B. Johnson, president of the Johnson Lighterage Company, owner of the munitions barge. Both declared the fire originated in two Lehigh Valley railroad freight cars laden with explosives.

Johnson, who was arrested on a warrant charging manslaughter, as were Albert M. Dickman, Black Tom agent of the Lehigh Valley, and Alexander Davidson, superintendent of the National Storage Company, denied all responsibility for the conflagration. He intimated that the fire was of incendiary origin.

Prosecutor Hudspeth corroborated Johnson's story. He said he had obtained an affidavit from the commander of the tug "Geneva," which gave a comprehensive story of the disaster.

Fire Spread to Freight Cars.

"According to the affidavit and other issoned not more than two thousand dollars, or interestate or cause to be violated, any of these provisions or regulations by the interestate commerce commission shall be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or interestate commerce commission shall be fined not more than eighteen months.

commerce commission shall be lined not more than two thousand dollars, or in-risoned not more than eighteen months, or both."

risoned not more than eighteen months or both."

Regarding the penalty when death or bodily injury results from such transportation the act says:

"When the death or bodily injury of any person is caused by the explosion of any article named in the four sections last preceding, while the same is being plaused upon any vessel or vehicle to be transported in violation thereof, or while the same is being so transported, or while the same is being so transported, or while the same is being removed from such vessel or vehicle, the person knowingly placing, or aiding or permitting the placing, of such articles upon any such vessel or vehicle, to be so transported, shall be imprisoned not more than ten years."

## POLICE HAVE EVIDENCE AGAINST CONSPIRATORS

Claim Made That Men Accused of Bomb Explosion in Frisco Will Be Convicted.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 1 .- Docunentary evidence sufficient to convict those in custody on a charge of causing the bomb explosion ten days ago during the preparedness parade, when nine persons were killed and forty inday, according to District Attorney C.

A raid last night by the police on the headquarters of the alleged leaders of the plot resulted in the confiscation of the private letter file and other papers of Thomas Mooney, labor agitator suspected of being concerned in

placing the bomb. According to Mr. Flokert, the letters contain important evidence regarding the exposion, as well as information the explosion, as well as information bearing on the wrecking of the Los Angele Times building, six years ago. In one of the letters written by Mooney just prior to the preparedness parade he said, according to Fickert: "If I can pull off what I am planning: I will be the biggest man in San Francisco labor circles."

DIED.

lision with the ambulance of Emergency Hospital, at 18th street and Massachusetts avenue, which was responding to the former accident.

Mr. De Lacy said the ambulance was traveling at a fast rate of speed, and that it struck his automobile, bending the rear axle. The ambulance was slightly damaged. No one was injured. FEENCH. On Tuesday, August 1, 15:0 st 12 m., FITZHUGH F. FRENCH, be-ioved husband of Minnie French and father of Mrs. Macy Beverly, James Edward and Arthur Webster French. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SCENE OF GREAT RUSSIAN DRIVE.

ly Transfer The White House

ational Association, Pottsville, Pa. J. H. Zerbey, National Editorial As-Charles B. Spatz, Boyertown, Pa., the Berks County Democrat, who was for-merly candidate for public printer. George J. Campbell, Pittsburgh

George J. C. George George J. C. George J. Press.
W. J. Potison, Scranton Republican.
E. R. Stoll, Pittsburgh Newspaper Publishers' Association.
William Crow, Pennsylvania Associated Dailies, Harrisburg, Pa.
W. B. Craig, the Bulletin, Philadalphia delphia.

W. Wolff Smith, United States Tobacco Journal, the Phonograph, New
York.

York.

A. E. Hess, Washington, Federal Trade Reporter.

Leo R. Sack, the San Antonio Light, the Nation's Business.

J. H. Zerbey, National Editorial Association and Pennsylvania Daily Publications, Pottsville, Pa.

F. M. Pope, W. C. George, F. F. Ryan, all of Clark & Co., New York.

James W. Brown, the editor and publisher.

Hurley.

"As cheap" answered Mr. Dodge.
The International Company is shipping 20 per cent to 25 per cent more this year than last, Mr. Dodge testified in response to inquiries from Mr. Hurley. The increased volume would not care for the increased labor, Mr. Dodge testified.

In answer to questions by Mr. Zerbey, Mr. Dodge said the efforts of his concern are to avoid brokers and deal directly with the publishers.

Mr. Zerbey said a broker has contacted to delive the service of the United States.

W. C. Nesbit, Wilmington, Del., the Evening Journal, and Clarence J. Pyle of same paper.

W. L. Tushingham, Camden, N. J., New Jersey Press Association.

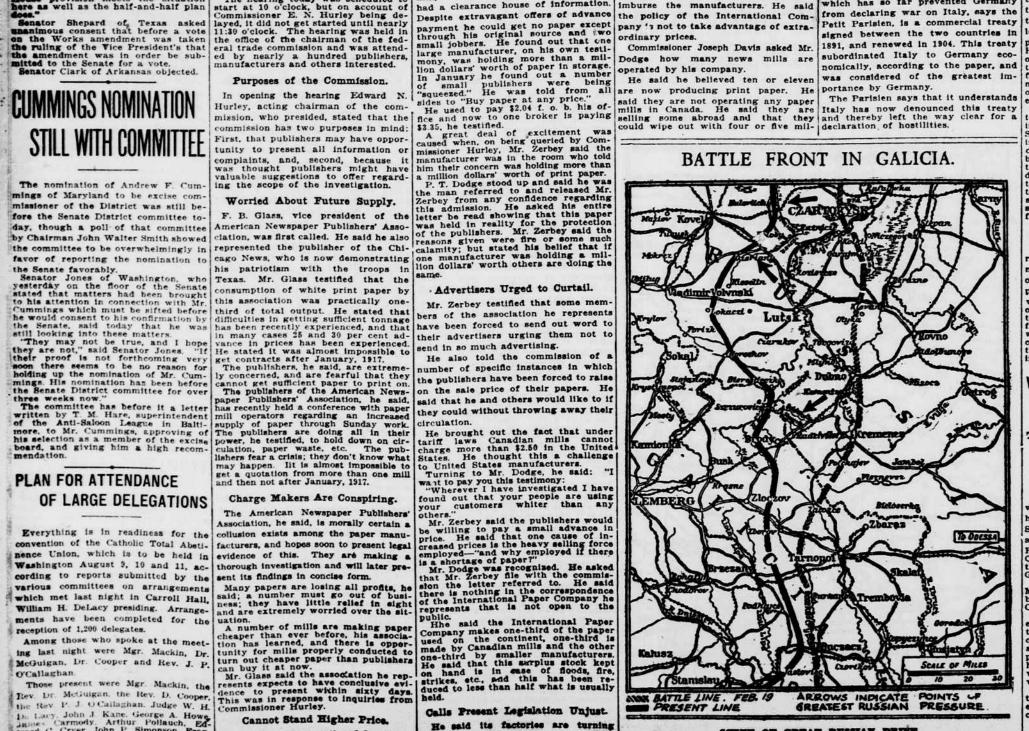
H. F. McIntyre of Philadelphia, the Sunday School Times.

E. L. Richmond, Review and Herald Press Association, Takoma Park, D. C., and R. Hooks, jr., of same publication.

J. K. Wallace, government printing office.

# OPENS THE WAY FOR WAR.

Mr. Dodge said, in reply to inquiry Italy Denounces Commercial Treaty Which Held Germany Back. PARIS, August 1 .- The only reaso which has so far prevented Germany from declaring war on Italy, says the



are reported to have evacuated Visdimir-Volyacky and to be with-ng their heavy artillery, food and munitions depots from Revel. Lemberg, the Galleian capital, also is menaced, and belief is expressed that the ridee one of the three polats in order to defend the others.